

Bill Number **Bill Description**

HB 2123	Develops excise tax for inhalant form nicotine and IDS
HB 2158	Removes the cigar tax cap
HB 2159	Develops excise tax on inhalant delivery systems, requires IDS distributor license, details tax collection, allocates revenue to General Fund
HB 2169	Develops excise tax on inhalant delivery systems, requires IDS distributor license, details tax collection, allocates revenue to General Fund
HB 2233	Bill creates regulatory framework for public use of cannabis at temporary events and at lounges, including local option for cities and counties that banned retail cannabis.
HB 2270	Increases cigarette tax, develops IDS excise tax, removes cigar tax cap and establishes minimum pack size for small cigars, expands cigarette definition, dedicates revenue to tobacco prevention and chronic disease prevention
HB 2848	Establishes requirements for shipping or mailing inhalant delivery systems; authorizes OHA to adopt rules to carry out the bill requirements
HB 5038	Allocates tobacco settlement funds to OHSU, OHP, and Department of Education for physical activity grants
SB 29	1) Enables OHA to contract central cancer registry functions; 2) Protects the public's health by removing barriers to effective enforcement of tobacco laws, fixes Tobacco 21 legislation to better align with legislative intent and supports consistent regulation of smoke shop requirements.
SB 185	Requires that cigarette tax stamps be certified by the Attorney General, makes adjustments to escrow for tobacco manufacturers
SB 639	Amends the Indoor Clean Air Act to allow for smoking, vaporizing and aerosolizing of cannabis indoors. Creates a licensing framework for temporary events and cannabis lounges that allow cannabis use on the premises. Establishes delivery of cannabis products to residences, hotels, inns, transient dwellings. Establishes option for cannabis processor and producer tours open to the public (with sales allowed on the premises).